

- (1) "Provision to parents of giving education opportunity to their children having age 6 to 14 years ." The above section is added in which set of schedule 86 of Indian constitution under fundamental rights?
 (A) Section -11 (B) Section - 2
 (C) Section -86 (D) Section - 4
- (2) Who is the author of life sketch of Mahadevbhai Desai "Agnikund Mein Uga Hua Gulab"?
 (A) Manbhatt (B) Narayan Desai
 (C) Jayshankar Desai (D) Mahadev Desai
- (3) Who is the author of stanza "Harino Marag Che Shoorano"?
 (A) Kavi Preetam Das (B) Manishankar Ratnajee Bhatta
 (C) Damodar Khushal Botadkar (D) Narsinh Mehta
- (4) Function of Union of India is mentioned in which part of Indian Constitution?
 (A) 6 (B) 4
 (C) 5 (D) 2
- (5) Which Indian sportsperson won bronze in 51 kg category in World Boxing Championship?
 (A) Sukhdev (B) Nishant Dave
 (C) Husamuddin (D) Deepak Bhuriya
- (6) To encourage Indian people for independence movement which English newspaper has been started by Gandhiji in India first?
 (A) Young India (B) Youth India
 (C) Vartaman Bharat (D) Aandolan
- (7) In which age Himalayan Mountain Range formed?
 (A) Satyug (age) (B) Archean age
 (C) Jurassic age (D) Tertiary age
- (8) Stars of sky shine because of which effect of Science?
 (A) Diffusion of Light (B) Refraction of light
 (C) Diffraction of light (D) Division of light
- (9) What is the share of industries in gross national production in India?
 (A) 25% (B) 29%
 (C) 32% (D) 39%
- (10) In which part of Indian constitution, fundamental duties have been included?
 (A) Part -3 (A) (B) Part -5 (A)
 (C) Part - 4 (A) (D) Part - 6 (A)

- (11) Who was the first person to receive "Bharat Ratna" ?
(A) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (B) Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan
(C) Mahadevbhai Desai (D) Lalbahadur Shastri
- (12) In which of the following programmes interactive board is used?
(A) Pragma Abhigam (B) Bal Project
(C) Virtual Classroom (D) Gyankunj Project
- (13) Unique ID of how many digits is given to the students of a secondary school?
(A) 14 (B) 16
(C) 18 (D) 19
- (14) Education is a subject of which list in Indian Constitution ?
(A) Central List (B) State list
(C) Joint List (D) District list
- (15) In which organ, there is insulin production?
(A) Stomach (B) Pancreas
(C) Large intestine (D) Brain
- (16) In which country Hockey World Cup (Mens) - 2023 was organised?
(A) India (B) Japan
(C) France (D) Brazil
- (17) Where is the World's Biggest Mineral Oil Purification Plant?
(A) Jamnagar (B) Ankleshwar
(C) Digboi (D) Dehradun
- (18) How many leaves including holidays have been decided for Gujarat Secondary and Higher Secondary Schools for the year 2023-24 by Gujarat Secondary and Higher Secondary Education Board?
(A) 79 (B) 80
(C) 81 (D) 82
- (19) According to National Education Policy-2020, which institution has been authorized for monitoring of minimum commercial and quality standards followed by State/Central Schools?
(A) PARAKH (B) SWAYAM
(C) DIKSHA (D) SSSA
- (20) Up to which class education is expected in mother tongue in National Education Policy 2020?
(A) Class 6 (B) Class 8
(C) Class 10 (D) Class 5

- (21) If the syllabus is changed because of business and industries then this is considered as effect of which factors on educational objectives?
- (A) Cultural factors (B) Social factors
(C) Economical factors (D) Ethical factors
- (22) "Without thinking on what a person is doing what he should do"? This thought is connected with which goals of education ?
- (A) Ethical goals (B) Goals of attaining knowledge
(C) Goal of complete life (D) Goals of good use of free time
- (23) Objectives, syllabus, institutions and time limit if all of these are decided then this is considered as which form of education?
- (A) Informal (B) Formal
(C) Illegal (D) Joint
- (24) Which program does not directly apply to Informal learning?
- (A) Knowledge of alphabets (B) Examination
(C) Education of business (D) Deaddiction
- (25) Which of the following issues is not included in three issues of learning process?
- (A) Starting (B) Result
(C) Process (D) Evaluation
- (26) Some children are introverts, some are extroverts, some are talkative and some of them are shy. This type of difference in children is known as -
- (A) Physical difference (B) Difference in personality
(C) Difference in hobbies (D) Social difference
- (27) Which of the following is not included in different intelligence quotients ?
- (A) Intelligence Quotient (I.Q.) (B) Spiritual Quotient (S.Q.)
(C) Regional Quotient (R.Q.) (D) Emotional Quotient (E.Q.)
- (28) Who has developed vocational interest modification?
- (A) McDougall (B) Strong
(C) Morgan (D) Garrett
- (29) Which experiment is used to measure abilities/powers like Art, Music, Creativity in a person?
- (A) Attitude Criteria (B) Interest experiment
(C) Zest/Rasa modification (D) Aptitude experiment
- (30) Which is not included in three types of internal processes in a class?
- (A) Teacher-Student Behaviour (B) Student-Material Behaviour
(C) Teacher-Material Behaviour (D) Student-Student Behaviour

- (31) Which of the following is not included in commonly used three middle position statistical measures?
 (A) Mean (B) Median
 (C) Mode (D) Midpoint
- (32) Which is different from the three tests of evaluation ?
 (A) Written (B) Oral
 (C) Practical (D) Functional
- (33) With which of the following is spreadsheet related?
 (A) Microsoft Excel (B) Microsoft Powerpoint
 (C) Microsoft Word (D) Access
- (34) Whose philosophy of education is shown in "Framing and Clading" ?
 (A) Gijubhai Badheka (B) Nanabhai Bhatt
 (C) Taraben Modak (D) J. Krishnamurti
- (35) Education by productive labour, for productive labour, and can only be of productive labour"
 (A) Mahatma Gandhiji (B) Ravindranath Tagore
 (C) Mr. Arvind (D) Swami Vivekananda
- (36) Which of the following principles is not included in principles of John Dewey?
 (A) Principle of utility (B) Principle of inclination
 (C) Principle of labour (D) Principle of zest(rasa)
- (37) New India Literacy Program (NILP) has been started for illiterates of which age group?
 (A) 15 years and above (B) 15 years to 55 years
 (C) 6 years to 14 years (D) 21 years to 65 years
- (38) Which is known as one nation one digital platform ?
 (A) PM eVIDYA (B) BISAG-N
 (C) DIKSHA (D) Vande Gujarat Channel
- (39) Who talked about learning by senses ?
 (A) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan (B) Ravindranath Tagore
 (C) Mahatma Gandhi (D) Maharishi Arvind
- (40) Who started learning by senses for special children?
 (A) Maria Montessory (B) Grace Fernold
 (C) Jim Piaget (D) Ivan Pavlov

- (41) Which of the following pairs of psychologists associated with study is correct?
 (A) Trial and Error - Vygotsky (B) Behaviourism - Pavlov
 (C) Constructivism - Skinner (D) Conditioning by factors – Thorndike
- (42) Which of the following is not a characteristic learning process?
 (A) Experience is necessary for learning
 (B) Interaction with environment is necessary for learning
 (C) Learning can enter from one condition to the other
 (D) Memory is necessary for learning
- (43) Who gave Discovery learning approach ?
 (A) Robert Gagne (B) Jerome Brunner
 (C) Bandura (D) Ausubel
- (44) What will be the area of a circle having radius 14 cm? A formula is used by children to answer this question. Which intellectual skill he or she has obtained?
 (A) Differentiation (B) Concept
 (C) Rule (D) Solution of the problem
- (45) In which of the following disorders intellectual skill of children destroys?
 (A) Down Syndrome (B) ADHD
 (C) Cerebral Palsy (D) Autism
- (46) Which of the following will be on top level according to Bloom's Taxonomy?
 (A) Evaluation (B) Creation
 (C) Isolation (D) Utilization
- (47) Which of the following is unsuitable in achievement test ?
 (A) Sufficient time given to the students to answer all of the questions
 (B) Class is related with progress(development)
 (C) Education work is given at the end
 (D) Questions are selected to test the skills of a student
- (48) Which of the following measurements of middle position cannot be shown?
 (A) Mean (B) Extension
 (C) Median (D) Mode
- (49) Which of the following is not true for standard deviation (σ)?
 (A) Group Category will be as much as the low value of standard deviation
 (B) Standard deviation increases by the addition of any constant number in marks
 (C) If all the marks are multiplied by only one number then standard deviation increases at the same rate
 (D) Standard deviation is used to know the variability of the marks

- (50) Which of the following is not a characteristic of E-content?
 (A) These are only in digital format
 (B) It is presented by webpage or any other medium
 (C) It contains only animation
 (D) It can be linked with QR code.
- (51) Which of the following is not OER ?
 (A) BISAG - N (B) GROWER
 (C) NROER (D) e-pathshala
- (52) Which of the following subjects (issue) does not apply in the concept of E-learning?
 (A) Learning-Teaching is a present time field. (B) Learning has only one option.
 (C) Class learning is interesting (D) Information is available online.
- (53) Summary of which cannot be applied excepting its related groups. This is what type of modification?
 (A) Experimental modification (B) Survey
 (C) Basic Modification (D) Functional modification
- (54) "Children is creator of knowledge and not consumer." This is the conclusion of –
 (A) Behaviourism (B) Naturalism
 (C) Rationalism (D) Constructivism
- (55) Learning is a natural process and not manmade. Who gave this concept?
 (A) Aristotle (B) Rousseau
 (C) Froebel (D) Montessori
- (56) R, U, X, A, D, ? To complete the series what will replace the "?" question mark
 (A) F (B) G
 (C) H (D) I
- (57) 1, 3, 3, 6, 7, 9, 9, 12, 21, ? To complete the series what will replace the "?" question mark
 (A) 10 (B) 11
 (C) 12 (D) 13
- (58) 10, 100, 200, 310, ? To complete the series what will replace the "?" question mark
 (A) 400 (B) 410
 (C) 420 (D) 430
- (59) In a certain code TEACHER is written as VGCEJGT then in the same code CHILDREN can be written as?
 (A) EJKNEGTP (B) EGKNFITP
 (C) EJKNFGTO (D) EJKNFTGP
- (60) In a certain code TWENTY is written as 863985 and ELEVEN is written as 323039 then in the same code TWELVE can be shown by which number?
 (A) 863203 (B) 863584
 (C) 863903 (D) 863063

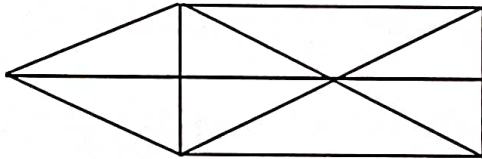
- (61) In a certain code language '123' means 'bright little boy' and 145 means 'tall big boy'. In the same way '637' means 'beautiful little flower' then which number will be there for 'bright'?
- (A) 1 (B) 2
(C) 3 (D) 4

- (62) If + means \times , \times means $-$, \div means $+$ and $-$ means \div then which of the following numbers will be the solution of $175 - 25 \div 5 + 20 \times 3 + 10$
- (A) 77 (B) 160
(C) 240 (D) 2370

- (63) Select the appropriate option for '?' in the following figure

20160	4
?	4
480	8
96	24

- (A) 860 (B) 1140
(C) 2880 (D) 3240
- (64) How many triangles are there in the given figure?



- (A) 15 (B) 16 (C) 17 (D) 18
- (65) What will be the angle in degrees between minute and hour hand of a clock at 3:40?
- (A) 140 (B) 150 (C) 130 (D) 120

- (66) Select the odd pair:

- (A) Yoghurt-milk (B) Sandal - leather
(C) Peanut - oil (D) Sugar - sugarcane

- (67) Arrange the letters of the given word alphabetically.

(1) INTERANAL (2) INSECT (3) INCOME (4) INTERN (5) INSIDE

- (A) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1 (B) 3, 4, 5, 2, 1
(C) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2 (D) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5

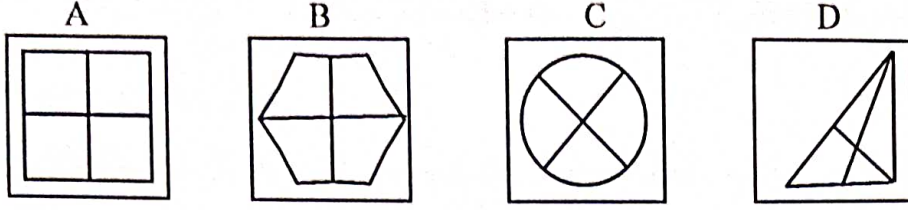
- (68) If first day of a leap year is Sunday then how many Sundays will be there in the same year?

- (A) 50 (B) 51 (C) 52 (D) 53

- (69) A person drives his car 50 km towards east after that he turns right and drives 30 km. Then he turns west and drives 10 km. How much away he is from the starting point?

- (A) 20 km (B) 50 km (C) 100 km (D) 60 km

(70) Select the different figure.



(A) A

(B) B

(C) C

(D) D

(71) અગ્નિનો સમાનાર્થી છે.

(A) અનલ

(B) અનિલ

(C) અનંગ

(D) તપસ

(72) નીચેનામાંથી કર્મધારેય સમાસનું ઉદાહરણ છે.

(A) તકસાધુ

(B) કલ્પવૃક્ષ

(C) પંચામૃત

(D) પરમેશ્વર

(73) તમારાથી વડીલો સામે ઊંચા અવાજે ન બોલાય. - વાક્યનો પ્રકાર ઓળખો.

(A) કર્તારિ

(B) કર્મણિ

(C) ભાવે

(D) પ્રેરક

(74) સફળતા જિંદગીની હસ્તરેખામાં નથી હોતી, ચણાયેલ ઈમારત એના નકશામાં નથી હોતી. આ કાવ્યનો પ્રકાર જણાવો.

(A) દુહા

(B) મુક્તક

(C) હાઈકુ

(D) સોનેટ

(75) ખોટી જોડણી કઈ છે ?

(A) સુદૃઢ

(B) દીકરી

(C) અકસ્માત્

(D) કનિષ્ઠ

(76) 'નીરવ' શબ્દનો વિરુદ્ધાર્થી શબ્દ શું થાય ?

(A) સૂમસામ

(B) ઘવલ

(C) પીડા

(D) કોલાહલ

(77) સમાનાર્થી શબ્દોની ખોટી જોડ હોય તે વિકલ્પ કયો છે ?

(A) ખોભણ - ગુફા

(B) અનરવો - હિંમતવાન

(C) અડવડિયું - લથડિયું

(D) આર્દ્રતા - મૃદુતા

(78) 'ઘોડાના સવારને બેસવા માટે ઘોડાની પીઠ પર રાખવાનું રૂ કે ઊંચાનું આસન' - શબ્દસમૂહ માટેનો એક શબ્દ કયો છે?

(A) દળી

(B) ટેકણિયું

(C) પીઠિકા

(D) માંચડો

(79) વિરામચિહ્નોનો ઉચિત પ્રયોગ ન થયો હોય તેવું વાક્ય કયું છે ?

(A) હાશ ! હવે નિરાંત થઈ !

(B) પ્રશ્નપત્ર જોઈ વિદ્યાર્થીઓ મૂંઝાયા, એમને કાંઈ સૂઝ પડી નહીં, ઉત્તરપત્રો મૂકી દઈને ચલતી પકડી.

(C) મેં જાણ્યું : મારાં લખાણો એને ગમતાં નથી.

(D)તો મારો દુશ્મન છે.

(80) શબ્દ અને તેના અનેકાર્થી શબ્દોની ખોટી જોડ હોય તેવો વિકલ્પ કયો છે ?

(A) ગુણ - પણણ, દોરડું

(B) કૂટ - ઠગાઈ, શિખર

(C) કાંત - મન, અંતઃકરણ

(D) કર - કિરણ, સૂંઢ

(81) આપેલ વાક્યોમાં રેખાંકિત કરેલ શબ્દનો ઉચિત પ્રયોગ થયો હોય તેવું વાક્ય કયું છે ?

(A) મેં આ પત્ર કે ઠરાવ વાંચ્યા નથી.

(B) કામ વેળાસર થાય તે જ અગત્યનું છે.

(C) સાંજે છ વાગે જાહેર ગ્રંથાલય બંધ થાય છે.

(D) દરેકે આવકમાંથી યથાશક્તિ પ્રમાણે દાન કરવું જોઈએ.

- (82) 'द्वैश्वर्य' शब्दको संघिचित्रुड शुं थय ?
 (A) देव + ऐश्वर्य (B) देवे + ऐश्वर्य
 (C) देव्य + ऐश्वर्य (D) देवी + ऐश्वर्य
- (83) आपेलां वलक्योमां 'कर्मणि वलक्य' क्युं छे ?
 (A) ऐ समयमां लोको जुगार रमता. (B) ऐषे पयास माणसोने जमाड्या.
 (C) सरकार तरकथी आ मडिने अनाज अपायुं छे. (D) अशोक कंठुं ढोल्यो न डोत.
- (84) 'छत्री पर नाम-सरनामुं लभवानो उपाय भरेभर कारगत नीवड्यो.' - वलक्यमां रेभांकित करेल शब्द 'भरेभर' क्यिविशेषणो क्यो प्रकार छे ?
 (A) अभिगमवाची क्यिविशेषण (B) समयवाचक क्यिविशेषण
 (C) रीतिवाचक क्यिविशेषण (D) स्थानवाचक क्यिविशेषण
- (85) 'मारो डंसलो नानो ने देवण जूनुं रे थयुं.' - अलंकार ओणभावो.
 (A) व्यक्तितरेक अलंकार (B) अतिशयोक्ति अलंकार
 (C) रूपक अलंकार (D) उपमा अलंकार
- (86) Mahesh was too smart. (Remove 'too' without changing the meaning.)
 (A) Mahesh was not smart at all.
 (B) Mahesh was smart more than required.
 (C) Mahesh was foolish.
 (D) I was doubtful whether Mahesh was smart or not.
- (87) INS Arihant is Indian Naval ship. (Fill in the blanks)
 (A) The & an (B) An & an
 (C) A & an (D) The & the
- (88) Most students have brought their homework. of them have not completed it yet.
 (A) None (B) Few
 (C) Each (D) A little
- (89) में मारा वलण कपाव्या. - आ वलक्यनुं योक्कस अंग्रेजुं ल्वाषांतर शुं थशे ?
 (A) I cut my hair. (B) I clipped my hair.
 (C) I got my hair cut. (D) I had a nice hair cut.
- (90) Give the nearest meaning of word : 'Phantom'.
 (A) existent (B) imaginary
 (C) corporeal (D) tangible
- (91) Give the verb form of 'little'.
 (A) alittle (B) unlittle
 (C) belittle (D) bilittle

- (92) Change the voice : "What caused COVID-19 ?"
- (A) What was COVID-19 caused by ? (B) What was caused by COVID-19 ?
 (C) By what is COVID-19 caused ? (D) By what COVID-19 was caused ?
- (93) Select the word or phrase which is closest to the opposite in meaning of the underlined word : "Rahul will never accept your request."
- (A) turn over (B) turn down
 (C) turn up (D) reject
- (94) Add a suitable question tag : Radha, one of my neighbours slipped off a staircase. ?
- (A) did she (B) does she
 (C) doesn't she (D) didn't she
- (95) Fill in the blanks with appropriate set of prepositions : Nidhi travelled her mother all the world when she was 17 years old.
- (A) by, above (B) for, around
 (C) with, around (D) with, over
- (96) Turn this sentence into English : "હજુ પણ હું તેને ત્યાં એકલી ઊભેલી જોઈ શકતો હતો."
- (A) I could still saw her standing there alone. (B) I could still see her stood there alone.
 (C) I could still see her standing there alone. (D) I can still see her standing there alone.
- (97) Fill in the blanks with the appropriate word / words : Rohan and Nayan have been on vacation May 2023. They to Manali for a week.
- (A) for, had gone (B) since, had gone
 (C) for, have gone (D) since, have gone
- (98) Mantra got the first prize last week. Find out the correct option to get the underlined answer.
- (A) Which prize did Mantra get last week ?
 (B) When did Mantra get the first prize ?
 (C) Which prize Mantra got last week ?
 (D) Where did Mantra get the first prize ?
- (99) Ravi in this company for five years. Find out correct form of verb from the options.
- (A) works (B) is working
 (C) has been working (D) have worked
- (100) Find out the correct spelling from the options.
- (A) Spactacular (B) Spectacular
 (C) Spactacolor (D) Spectecolor

- (101) यः तिष्ठति बान्धवः ।
 (A) सः (B) यः
 (C) यत् (D) तत्
- (102) लोभात् क्रोधः प्रभवति । (रेखाङ्कित पदस्य विभक्तिः दर्शयतु ।)
 (A) प्रथमा (B) तृतीया
 (C) पञ्चमी (D) सप्तमी
- (103) 'यापीजलानाम्' - समासनाम लिखत ।
 (A) कर्मधारयः । (B) षष्ठीतत्पुरुषः ।
 (C) द्वन्द्वः । (D) उपपदः ।
- (104) तम् अवलोक्य सः अचिन्तयत् । रेखाङ्कित पदस्य कृदन्तनाम लिखत ।
 (A) हेत्वर्थकृदन्त (B) कर्तरिभूतकृदन्त
 (C) विद्यर्थकृदन्त (D) संबंधकभूतकृदन्त ।
- (105) विहगाः तत्र न्यवसन् । ('स्म' प्रयोग कृत्वा लिखत ।)
 (A) विहगाः तत्र निवसति स्म । (B) विहगाः तत्र निवसन् स्म ।
 (C) विहगाः तत्र निवसेन् स्म । (D) विहगाः तत्र निवसन्ति स्म ।
- (106) One day Swami Satyadev came to Ashram. (संस्कृतभाषायां लिखत)
 (A) एकस्मिन् दिवसे स्वामी सत्यदेवः आश्रमे आगच्छत् ।
 (B) एकस्मिन् दिवसे स्वामी सत्यदेवः आश्रमम् आगच्छत् ।
 (C) एकः दिवसे स्वामी सत्यदेवः आश्रमेण् आगच्छत् ।
 (D) एकः दिवसे स्वामी सत्यदेवः आश्रम्याम् आगच्छत् ।
- (107) त्वं कदापि धनिकः न ।
 (A) भविष्यति । (B) भविष्यतु ।
 (C) भविष्यसि । (D) भविष्यन्ति ।
- (108) महाभारते कति पर्वाणि सन्ति ?
 (A) द्वादशः (B) एकादशः
 (C) अष्टादशः (D) नवदशः
- (109) अलं ।
 (A) विषादम् (B) विषादेन (C) विषादः (D) विषादे
- (110) 'रासभः' शब्दस्य पर्यायः कः ?
 (A) वायसः (B) कुक्कुटः (C) गर्दभः (D) केसरी

- (111) प्रभुभक्तश्च शूरश्च ज्ञातव्याः श्वगुणाः हि षट् । (अधोरेखित पदस्य कृदन्तप्रकारं लिखत)
- (A) विद्यर्थ कृदन्त (B) हेत्वर्थकृदन्त
(C) वर्तमानकृदन्त (D) संबन्धकभूतकृदन्त
- (112) विख्यातेषु, ग्रन्थेषु च अस्य गणना भवति ।
- (A) प्राचीनतमः (B) प्राचीनतमम्
(C) प्राचीनतमा (D) प्राचीनतमेषु
- (113) तिष्ठावः ।
- (A) तौ (B) वयम्
(C) आवाम् (D) यूयम्
- (114) वयं सेवकाः स्मः ।
- (A) राष्ट्रः (B) राष्ट्राय
(C) राष्ट्रो (D) राष्ट्रस्य
- (115) उच्चारणतन्त्रस्य अनुसारं कस्य वर्णस्य उच्चारणं प्रथमं भवति ?
- (A) अकारस्य (B) ककारस्य
(C) उकारस्य (D) यकारस्य
- (116) वेदाङ्गानि कति सन्ति ?
- (A) चत्वारि (B) पञ्च
(C) षट् (D) सप्त
- (117) आयुर्वेदस्य पण्डितः आचार्य चरकः कस्य नृपतेः राजवैद्यः आसीत् ?
- (A) कनिष्कस्य (B) मैत्रेयस्य
(C) हर्षस्य (D) भोजस्य
- (118) 'प्रभूतम्' शब्दस्य विरुद्धार्थकः कः शब्दः ?
- (A) शीतम् (B) उष्णम्
(C) अल्पम् (D) विभूतम्
- (119) मित्राणि रिपवस्तथा कस्मात् जायन्ते ?
- (A) धनात् (B) संसर्गात्
(C) व्यवहारात् (D) विचारात्
- (120) महावीरस्य उपदेशः केन नाम्ना प्रसिद्धः वर्तते ?
- (A) आगम (B) निगम
(C) स्मृति (D) मीमांसा

- (121) सर्वैः किं रक्षितव्यम् ?
 (A) मेघः (B) शिशुः
 (C) तडागः (D) कुलाचारः
- (122) 'गवाक्षः' शब्दस्य अर्थः कः ?
 (A) Court (B) Balcony
 (C) Roof (D) Peak
- (123) संसारे कीदृशं जनं पराजेतुं कोऽपि न अर्हति ?
 (A) Talkative (B) Rich
 (C) Satisfied (D) Strong
- (124) दुर्जनस्य विषं कुत्र भवति ?
 (A) पुच्छे (B) सर्वाङ्गे / सर्वाङ्गे
 (C) मस्तके (D) दन्ते
- (125) पापस्य कारणं किम् ?
 (A) कामः (B) लोभः
 (C) क्रोधः (D) अज्ञानम्
- (126) 'सर्वं चारुतरं वसन्ते' is an extract of which poem ?
 (A) Meghduta (B) Shishupalvadh
 (C) Rutasamhar (D) Raghuvansh
- (127) तृणैर्गुणत्वमापन्नैः के बध्यन्ते ?
 (A) सिंहाः (B) कपोताः
 (C) मूषकाः (D) मत्तदन्तिनः
- (128) मित्रं कदा शत्रुताम् एति ?
 (A) मृत्युकाले (B) धनागमे
 (C) भाग्यक्षये (D) कालविपर्यये
- (129) 'सहजौ मे प्रहरणं भुजौ' is the belief of ?
 (A) Abhimanyu (B) Arjun
 (C) Bhimsena (D) Prince Uttara
- (130) Which poem is believed to be 'चतुर्विंशति-साहस्री-संहिता' ?
 (A) Mahabharata (B) Raghuvansh
 (C) Ramayana (D) Naishadhcharita

- (131) 'सिंहपदपद्धतिः' पदे कः समासः ।
 (A) तृतीयातत्पुरुषः
 (B) षष्ठीतत्पुरुषः
 (C) द्वितीयातत्पुरुषः
 (D) सप्तमीतत्पुरुषः
- (132) दिव्यैः स्तवैः के स्तुवन्ति ?
 (A) सामगाः
 (B) संगीतकाराः
 (C) योगिनः
 (D) ब्रह्मादिदेवगणाः
- (133) How many Swaras of Vedas are ?
 (A) 26
 (B) 13
 (C) 03
 (D) 15
- (134) अधोदन्तेभ्यः रूपेभ्यः सप्तमी एकवचनं चित्वा लिखत -
 (A) अहम्
 (B) मम
 (C) वयम्
 (D) मयि
- (135) कः सर्पभक्षकः गरुडः भविष्यति ?
 (A) युवकः
 (B) भोजः
 (C) वायुः
 (D) वह्निः
- (136) ख्रिस्तस्य कस्यां शताब्द्या वलभीउपनगरं मैत्रकाणां पाटनगरम् आसीत् ?
 (A) नवम्याम्
 (B) पञ्चम्याम्
 (C) चतुर्थ्याम्
 (D) सप्तम्याम्
- (137) कुसुमानतां सौभाग्यं ददाति । रेखाङ्कितस्य समास प्रकारं लिखत ।
 (A) चतुर्थी तत्पुरुष
 (B) षष्ठी तत्पुरुष
 (C) तृतीया तत्पुरुष
 (D) इतरेतर द्वन्द्व
- (138) आपत्काले वृद्धानां वचनं । रिक्तस्थाने 'उचितं पद' किम् ?
 (A) नेयम्
 (B) देयम्
 (C) ग्राह्यम्
 (D) हेयम्
- (139) 'तद्' (पुं) शब्दस्य तृतीयाबहुवचन, पंचमी एकवचन च सप्तमी द्विवचन रूपं योग्यं चित्वा लिखत ।
 (A) तम्, ताभ्याम्, तेषु
 (B) तैः, तस्मात्, तयोः
 (C) तैः, तस्य, तान्
 (D) तम्, तस्मात्, ताभ्याम्
- (140) 'तिष्ठ' शब्दस्य धातु, विकरण प्रत्यय एवं मूल प्रत्ययं चित्वा लिखत ।
 (A) स्थ, तिष्ठ, य
 (B) स्था, तिष्ठ, अ
 (C) स्थाः, तिष्ठ, अय्
 (D) स्थ, तिष्ठ, अय्

- (141) 'हे देव..... दुरितानि परासुव ।' यजुर्वेदानुसारं किं सम्बोधनपदं रिक्तस्थानाय युक्तम् ?
 (A) वरुण (B) सवितर् (C) अग्ने (D) वायो
- (142) Which of the following Treaties is a part of Panchtantra ?
 (A) Mitrabheda (B) Suhrudbheda
 (C) Vighraha (D) All of the above
- (143) Kalidas sung 'शरीरमाद्यं खलु धर्मसाधनम्' in which of his Poem ?
 (A) Kumarsambhava (B) Raghuvansh
 (C) Meghduta (D) Rutusanhar
- (144) 'दुर्योधनादयः अपि क्रूरतराः ।' रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत ।
 (A) राक्षसान् (B) राक्षसैः
 (C) राक्षसेभ्यः (D) राक्षसेषु
- (145) It brings money. Find the correct Sanskrit sentence.
 (A) तं धनेन मिलति । (B) तेन धनं मिलति ।
 (C) तत् धनं मिलति । (D) तस्मिन् धनं मिलति ।
- (146) 'आहारनिद्राभयादयः' पदस्य समासप्रकारं लिखत ।
 (A) द्वन्द्वसमासः (B) तत्पुरुषसमासः
 (C) कर्मधारयसमासः (D) बहुव्रीहिसमासः
- (147) कार्यं प्रारभ्य के न परित्यजन्ति ?
 (A) मध्यमजनाः (B) नीचजनाः
 (C) उत्तमजनाः (D) सामान्यजनाः
- (148) 'मनुष्यः साक्षी भूत्वा..... कार्यम् आचरति ।' रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत ।
 (A) त्रिविधान् (B) त्रिविधम्
 (C) त्रिविधः (D) त्रिविधाः
- (149) 'शैलूषः' शब्दस्य कः अर्थः ?
 (A) Dancer (B) Actor
 (C) Singer (D) Mountain
- (150) Which of the following is related to learning centered approach to education?
 (A) Imposed (B) Authoritarian
 (C) Self Controlled (D) Autocratic

- (151) 'भो वञ्चक ! त्वं मिथ्या ।' रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत ।
 (A) वदति (B) वदामि
 (C) वदसि (D) वदथः
- (152) सिद्धहैमव्याकरणे कति अध्यायाः सन्ति ?
 (A) षड् (B) दश (C) अष्ट (D) सप्त
- (153) कस्मिन् सङ्गः ते सङ्गः न स्यात् ?
 (A) कर्मणि (B) अकर्मणि
 (C) ज्ञाने (D) धने
- (154) चन्द्रगुप्ताय किं रोचते स्म ?
 (A) अर्थः (B) प्रजाकल्याणम्
 (C) युद्धम् (D) धर्मबुद्धिः
- (155) कर्मधारय - समासस्य उदाहरणं किम् ?
 (A) पीतजलः (B) वामबाहुः
 (C) तृषातुरः (D) सशोकः
- (156) '..... समाचरेताम् समाचरेयुः' योग्यं क्रियापदरूपं किम् ?
 (A) समाजरेयम् (B) समाचरेत्
 (C) समाचरेः (D) समाचरेत
- (157) 'तैः + एव' इत्यस्य योग्यं सन्धिपदं किम् ?
 (A) तैएव (B) तै एव (C) तैरेव (D) तैऽव
- (158) कस्य मूर्तिः पवर्गरचिता अस्ति ?
 (A) रामस्य (B) कृष्णस्य
 (C) शिवस्य (D) विष्णोः
- (159) 'कर्मणा पुरुषः भवति ।' रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत ।
 (A) द्विगुः (B) तत्पुरुषः
 (C) द्वन्द्वः (D) बहुव्रीहिः
- (160) मया चन्द्रः
 (A) दृश्यते (B) पश्यते
 (C) पश्यामी (D) पश्यामी

(161) अधुना गीतां पठयते ।

- (A) भक्तः (B) भक्तेन
(C) भक्ताः (D) भक्तेयः

(162) 'लोकोत्तराणां चेतांसि वज्रादपि भवन्ति ।' रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत ।

- (A) कठोरम् (B) कठोराणि
(C) कठोराणी (D) कठोराः

(163) "शरीरमाद्यं खलु धर्मसाधनम्" sentence is narrated in which of the following scripture ?

- (A) Charaksamhita (B) Shushrutsamhita
(C) Kumarsambhav (D) Vimansthan

(164) "उपसृत्य" word has which participle (कृदन्त) ?

- (A) हेत्वर्थकृदन्त (B) संबन्धकभूतकृदन्त ।
(C) कर्तरिभूतकृदन्त (D) विद्यर्थकृदन्त

(165) "शान्तं पापम् शान्तं पापम् ।" इति कः वदति ?

- (A) अर्जुनः (B) घटोत्कचः
(C) शकुनिः (D) धृतराष्ट्रः

(166) त्व कुक्कुरो भव ॥

- (A) सदा (B) पुनः (C) कदापि (D) अपि

(167) "महावृक्षः" - समास प्रकारं लिखत

- (A) कर्मधारयसमासः (B) बहुव्रीहिसमासः
(C) तृतीयातत्पुरुषसमासः (D) द्वन्द्वसमासः

(168) अतः घटनास्थलात् दूरे धावति - Who spoke these words ?

- (A) गुरुः (B) सुनीतः (C) पुनीतः (D) शिष्यः

(169) आलोकः इति शब्दस्य पर्याय शब्दः कः ?

- (A) प्रकाशः (B) आरोहः
(C) आलम्बः (D) आलोककः

(170) Identify participle (कृदन्त) in the word - वञ्चनीयः

- (A) संबन्धकभूतकृदन्त (B) विद्यर्थकृदन्त
(C) कर्मणि कृदन्त (D) कर्तरिभूतकृदन्त

- (171) तत् + नः + आसुव । (सन्धि कुरुत)
- (A) तत्नासुव (B) तन्नासुव
(C) तन्न आसुव (D) तन्नो आसुव
- (172) समं पाठशालां गच्छ ।
- (A) मित्राणि (B) मित्रम्
(C) मित्रैः (D) मित्राय
- (173) सः जीवनस्य वर्षे प्रविशति ।
- (A) विंशतिः (B) विंशतिम्
(C) विंशतितमे (D) विंशतितमः
- (174) 'संयतेन्द्रियः' (समासप्रकारं लिखत)
- (A) षष्ठितत्पुरुष (B) कर्मधारय
(C) उपपद (D) बहुव्रीहि
- (175) जटायुः गिरां व्याजहार ।
- (A) शुभम् (B) शुभाः (C) शुभाम् (D) शुभेन
- (176) अशोकपल्लवान्तर निरुद्धः व्याघ्रः प्रतिवसति । (रेखाङ्कितपदस्य कृदन्तप्रकार लिखत)
- (A) हेत्वर्थकृदन्त (B) विध्यर्थकृदन्त
(C) कर्मणिभूतकृदन्त (D) सम्बन्धकभूतकृदन्त
- (177) 'उत्तररामचरितम्' - कस्य रचना अस्ति ?
- (A) वाल्मीकि (B) भास (C) भवभूति (D) बाणः
- (178) हन्यमाने शरीरे कः न हन्यते ।
- (A) मन (B) तेजः
(C) शरीरम् (D) आत्मा
- (179) वृत्तिः शब्दस्य कः अर्थः ?
- (A) वर्तनम् (B) व्यवसायः
(C) प्रवृत्तिः (D) निवृत्तिः
- (180) पशवः भयमनुभवन्ति ।
- (A) ध्वनि (B) ध्वनिम्
(C) ध्वनिना (D) ध्वनेः

- (181) Who gave the steps of diagnostic test ?
 (A) Dr. Benjamin Bloom (B) Ross (C) Ramers (D) Adams
- (182) How many weeks of Internship program is arranged for B. Ed. Trainees so that they get enough realistic experience ?
 (A) 12 Weeks (B) 15 Weeks (C) 13 Weeks (D) 14 Weeks
- (183) Which of the following method / option is used to learn unknown words in Sanskrit ?
 (A) Demonstration (B) Word memorization
 (C) Word writing (D) Word recitation
- (184) During teaching, a teachers statements encourage students to elaborate on an answer, either their own or that of others will be called
 (A) Structuring (B) Instructional variety
 (C) Engagement in learning process (D) Probing
- (185) The age of 8 years of growth and development is called
 (A) Childhood (B) Infancy
 (C) Adulthood (D) None of the above
- (186) Which of the following is the skill of language expression ?
 (A) Speaking & Listening (B) Reading & Listening
 (C) Writing & Speaking (D) Speaking & Writing
- (187) Which of the following statement is not recommended by Sanskrit Commission ?
 (A) There must be a provision for Sanskrit teaching in school.
 (B) Commission opposes teaching Hindi in place of Sanskrit.
 (C) 'Pali' & 'Prakrut' should not be taught in option of Sanskrit.
 (D) Other subject should be kept as option instead Sanskrit .
- (188) Which of the following institute conducts "Sanskrit Gaurav" examination ?
 (A) Pathshala (B) Sanskrit Bharati
 (C) Saurashtra Vidvad Parishad (D) Bruhad Gujarat Sanskrit Parishad
- (189) Which of the following objective is not included in Question paper of Sanskrit ?
 (A) Behavior change (B) Knowledge (C) Understanding (D) Skill
- (190) Which is of the following is a limitation in group discussion method ?
 (A) Learning becomes effective.
 (B) All learners in a group does not become active.
 (C) Learners gets deep information of content.
 (D) Knowledge becomes everlasting.

- (191) Who gave the classification of education objectives ?
 (A) J. B. Watson (B) Dr. B. K. Pasi
 (C) Benjamin Bloom (D) Prof. Ned Flenders
- (192) Which of the following is included in curriculum to acquire proficiency on various teaching Methods ?
 (A) Micro lesson (B) Bridge lesson
 (C) Simulation (D) Stray lesson
- (193) Which of the following type of question illustrate a point or focus attention on an idea or principle ?
 (A) Open questions (B) Closed questions
 (C) Funnel questions (D) Rhetorical questions
- (194) In the classroom the teacher is focusing on phonemes and different structures to be mastered by the learners. Here the teacher is influenced by
 (A) Functional Approach (B) Cognitive Approach
 (C) Structural Approach (D) Lexical Approach
- (195) Which type of questions are used to measure free and creative expression ?
 (A) Short questions (B) MCQ
 (C) Essay type questions (D) Fill in the blanks
- (196) Which of the following is connecting link between Microteaching and Stray lesson ?
 (A) Simulation (B) Lesson plan
 (C) Daily planning (D) Unit lesson
- (197) Which skill is more important for pure pronunciation ?
 (A) Speaking (B) Listening
 (C) Writing (D) Reading
- (198) Microteaching was started by which of the following University ?
 (A) Chicago University (B) Stanford University
 (C) Avalon University (D) Georgetown University
- (199) "Students identify mistakes from given information." This specific objective belong to which of the following general objective ?
 (A) Knowledge (B) Attitude
 (C) Understanding (D) Value
- (200) Which of the following option is the first step of Herbert's lesson planning ?
 (A) Statement of Aim (B) Presentation
 (C) Introduction (D) Revision

